















Table 3: Comparison with POD controller and MFFN controller for control signal  $\alpha_2$

Control signal $\alpha_2$	With POD	With MFFN
-11.1351 ± 26.1331i	-14.4546 +27.1546i	-10.3873± 25.8504i
0.0000	-4.6185	-4.8569
-0.0022	-0.7128 + 3.7544i	-0.7128 ± 3.7544i
-0.7128 ± 3.7544i	-0.0767	-0.1058

The comparative performance of Fig. 6,7,8,9 justified that MFFN based IPFC with pulse width modulation index of voltage series converter 1 and 2 ( $m_{i2}$  and  $\alpha_2$ ) are damps the oscillations more effectively. This inference has been checked by obtaining eigen value analysis which indicates that the system is stable.

## 5. CONCLUSION

In this paper, a systematic approach for determining relative effectiveness of Interline Power Flow Controller (IPFC) control signals ( $m_{i1}$ ,  $\alpha_1$ ,  $m_{i2}$ ,  $\alpha_2$ ) in damping low frequency oscillations has been presented. The linearized power system model of Single Machine Infinite Bus system for analyzing the performance of MFFN based IPFC for variation in system parameters has been studied. These control signals shows the significant improvement in damping of power system performance. Investigations have revealed that IPFC control signals  $m_{i2}$  and  $\alpha_2$  provide robust performance over other signals. The proposed MFFN Controller performance is comparatively better than PI based controller. The MFFN strategy have been designed to minimize transients swing, improvement in damping of oscillations. The controllers comparative performance in terms of small signal stability improvement and damping of oscillations is demonstrated. The

MFFN demonstrates the robust performance and easy to coordinate with damping schemes. The proposed controller fulfills the main objective of this paper. Time domain analysis and eigen value analysis results demonstrated the IPFC performance.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Authors are thankful to Dept. of Electrical Engg., G. H. Raison College of Engineering, Nagpur for their constant support.

## REFERENCES

- [1]P. Kundur *Power System Stability and Control*, Mc Graw-Hill, New York, ch. 12, 1994.
- [2]N.G. Hingorami, L.Gyugyi, *Understanding FACTS: Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission system*, IEEE Power Engineering Society, IEEE press, Delhi, 2001.
- [3]Y.H. Song and A.T. Johns, *Flexible AC Transmission systems*, IEE Power and Energy series 30, London, 1999.
- [4]Parimi A.M., Elamvazuthi I., Saad N., Fuzzy logic control for IPFC for damping low frequency oscillations, *Intelligent and Advanced Systems (ICIAS)*: International Conference, 2010, 1 – 5.
- [5]Babu A.V.N., Sivanagaraju S., Mathematical modeling, analysis and effects of interline power flow controller (IPFC) parameters in power flow studies, *Power Electronics (IICPE), India International Conference*, 2010, pp.1 – 7.
- [6] Parimi A.M., Sahoo N.C., Elamvazuthi I, Saad N., Transient stability enhancement and power flow control in a multi-machine power system using Interline Power Flow Controller, *Energy, Automation, and Signal (ICEAS)*, International Conference , 2011, pp.1 – 6.
- [7]Gomathi V., Ramachandran, Kumar C.V., Simulation and state estimation of power system with Interline Power flow Controller, *Universities Power Engineering Conference (UPEC)*, 45th International, 2010, pp.1 – 6.



- [8] Moghadam M.F., Gharehpetian G.B., Askarian Abyaneh H, Optimized regulation of DC voltage in Interline Power Flow Controller (IPFC) using genetic algorithm, *Power Engineering and Optimization Conference (PEOCO)*, 2010, pp.117 - 121
- [9]Kazemi, Karimi, The Effect Interline Power Flow Controller (IPFC) on Damping Inter-area Oscillations in the Interconnected Power Systems', *Industrial Electronics, IEEE International Symposium*, 3, 2006, ,pp. 1911 – 1915.
- [10]Zhihui Yuan, de Haan S.W.H., Ferreira, Braham, A new concept of exchanging active power without common DC link for Interline Power Flow Controller(S-IPFC),*Power and Energy Society General Meeting - Conversion and Delivery of Electrical Energy in the 21st Century, IEEE Conference*, 2008, pp.1 – 7.
- [11]Parimi A.M., Elamvazuthi I, Saad, N., Interline Power Flow Controller (IPFC) based damping controllers for damping low frequency oscillations in a power system, *Sustainable Energy Technologies, ICSET. IEEE International Conference*, 2008, pp.334 – 339.
- [12]Xia Jiang, Xinghao Fang, Chow, J.H., Edris, A., Uzunovic, E., Regulation and Damping Control Design for Interline Power Flow Controllers', *Power Engineering Society General Meeting*, 2007, pp.1 - 8
- [13]Banaei M.R. ,Kami A., Interline power flow controller based damping controllers for damping low frequency oscillations, *Telecommunications Energy Conference, INTELEC 2009*, 31<sup>st</sup> International Conference, 2009, pp.1 – 6
- [14]Veeramalla J., Sreerama Kumar R., Application of Interline Power Flow Controller (IPFC) for damping low frequency oscillations in power systems, *Modern Electric Power Systems (MEPS), Proceedings of the International Symposium* , 2010, pp. 1 – 6.
- [15]Segundo F.R., Messina, A.R., Modeling and simulation of Interline Power Flow Controllers: Application to enhance system damping', *North American Power Symposium (NAPS)*, 2009, pp. 1 – 6.
- [16]Xia Jiang , Xinghao Fang, Chow J.H., Edris A., Uzunovic E., Parisi, M., Hopkins, L., A Novel Approach for Modeling Voltage-Sourced Converter-Based FACTS Controllers, *Power Delivery, IEEE Transactions* Vol. 23 , No. 4, 2008, pp. 2591 - 2598
- [17]Shan Jiang, Gole A.M., Annakkage U.D., Jacobson D.A., Damping Performance Analysis of IPFC and UPFC Controllers Using Validated Small-Signal Models, *Power Delivery, IEEE Transactions* on Vol.26 , No.1, 2011, pp. 446 - 454
- [18]Gopinath B., SureshKumar S., Ramya M. Circuits, Power an Genetically optimized IPFC for improving transient stability performance in power system', *Computing Technologies (ICCPCT)*, International Conference, 2013, pp. 120 – 125.
- [19]V.K.Chandrakar, A.G.Kothari, MFFN based Static Synchronous Series Compensator (SSSC) for Trasient Stability improvement, 14<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Intelligent system Applications to Power Systems, *ISAP 2007*, Nov,2007, pp. 4-8, Kaohsiung,Taiwan
- [20]S.N.Dhurvey, V.K.Chandrakar, Performance Comparison of UPFC In Coordination with Optimized POD and PSS On Damping of Power System Oscillations, *International Journal of WSEAS Transaction on Power System*, Vol.3,No.5, 2008, pp.287-299.
- [21]S.N.Dhurvey, V.K.Chandrakar, Performance Evaluation of IPFC By Using Fuzzy Logic Based Controller, *IEEE Fourth International Conference on Emerging Trends in Engineering & Technology*, ICETET 2011, Mauritius, 16<sup>th</sup>-18<sup>th</sup> Nov. 2011,pp.168-173.
- [22]Mishra S., Dash P.K., Hota P.K., Tripathy M.,"Genetically optimized neuro-fuzzy IPFC for damping modal oscillations of power system", *IEEE Transactions on Power Systems*, Volume: 17 , Issue: 4 , 2002, pp. 1140 – 1147.

## APPENDIX-A

### A.1. Generator

$$M=2H=0.1787, T_{do}^1=5.044, V_b=1 \text{ p.u.}$$

## A.2. Excitation system

$$K_a=50.0, T_a=0.05$$

## A.2. Constants

$$K_1=0.3837, K_2=-0.1717, K_3=3.6667, K_4=-0.7350, K_5=-0.0237, K_6=1.0659, K_7=-0.0139, K_8=-0.6890, K_9=0.0023$$

## A.3. Interline Power Flow Controller Parameters

$$K_{pa1}=0.0376, K_{qa1}=0.0010, K_{va1}=-0.0029, K_{ca1}=0.0672,$$

$$K_{pa2}=-0.0045, K_{qa2}=0.0033, K_{va2}=-0.0021, K_{ca2}=-0.01116,$$

$$K_{pmi1}=0.0552, K_{qmi1}=-0.0326, K_{vmi1}=-0.0360, K_{cmi1}=-0.000766,$$

$$K_{pmi2}=0.2530, K_{qmi2}=0.0056, K_{vmi2}=-0.0038, K_{cmi2}=-0.0087, K_{pp}=1, K_{pi}=0.5$$